

Smart Ship Application Platform Project (SSAP Project)

Japan Ship Machinery & Equipment Association
SSAP Project

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Background

- ❖ Onboard and shore-based application services, which relies on ship onboard equipment data, have become prevalent.
 - ❖ Weather routing
 - ❖ Optimum trim
 - ❖ Performance monitoring
 - ❖ Engine monitoring
 - ❖ Condition monitoring
 - ❖ Power plant energy management
 - ❖ Remote maintenance
- ❖ The concept of Smart Ship is to utilize such application services to achieve optimum ship operation in terms of safety and energy efficiency.
- ❖ The target of SSAP project is to support these application services to access ship equipment data easily and enhance more and more application services development

SSAP Project

- Smart Ship Application Platform Project (SSAP)
- Participants
 - Members: 27 organizations
 - Observers: 9 organizations
- Joint Industry Project (JIP) supported by JSMEA + Class NK
- Project schedule
 - Dec 2012 – March 2015
- Budget
 - Approx. 1.2 Million USD (120 Million JPY)
 - Class NK funding + participant fees from members

Image of onboard application installation (now)

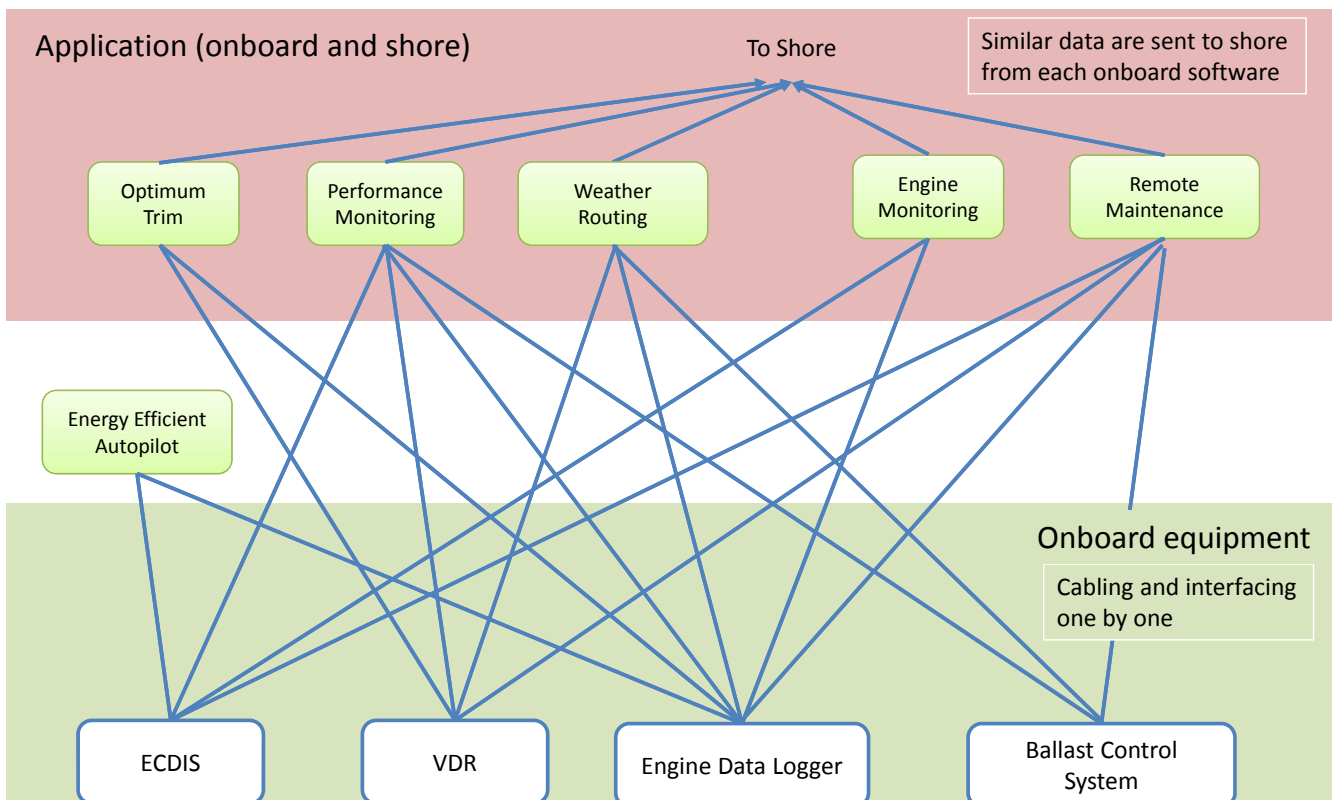
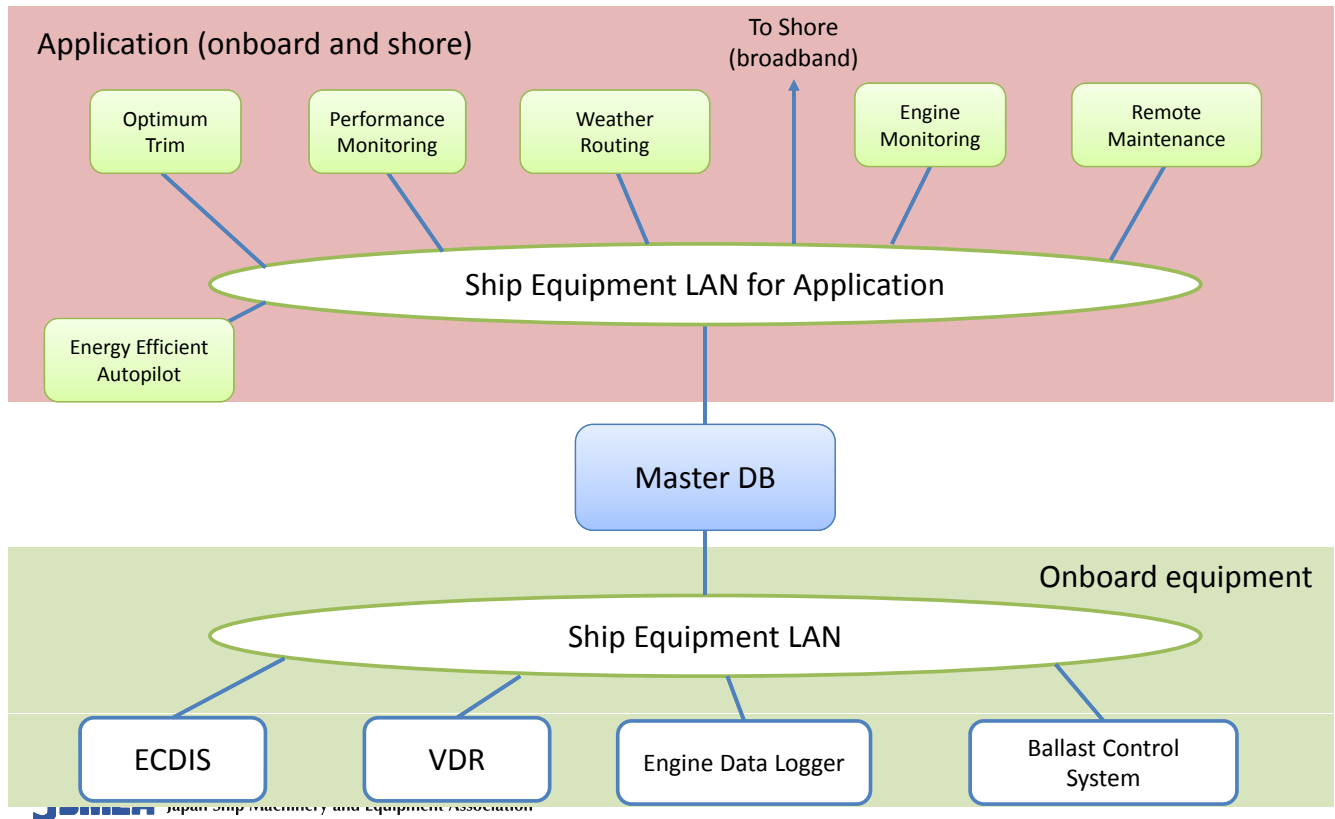


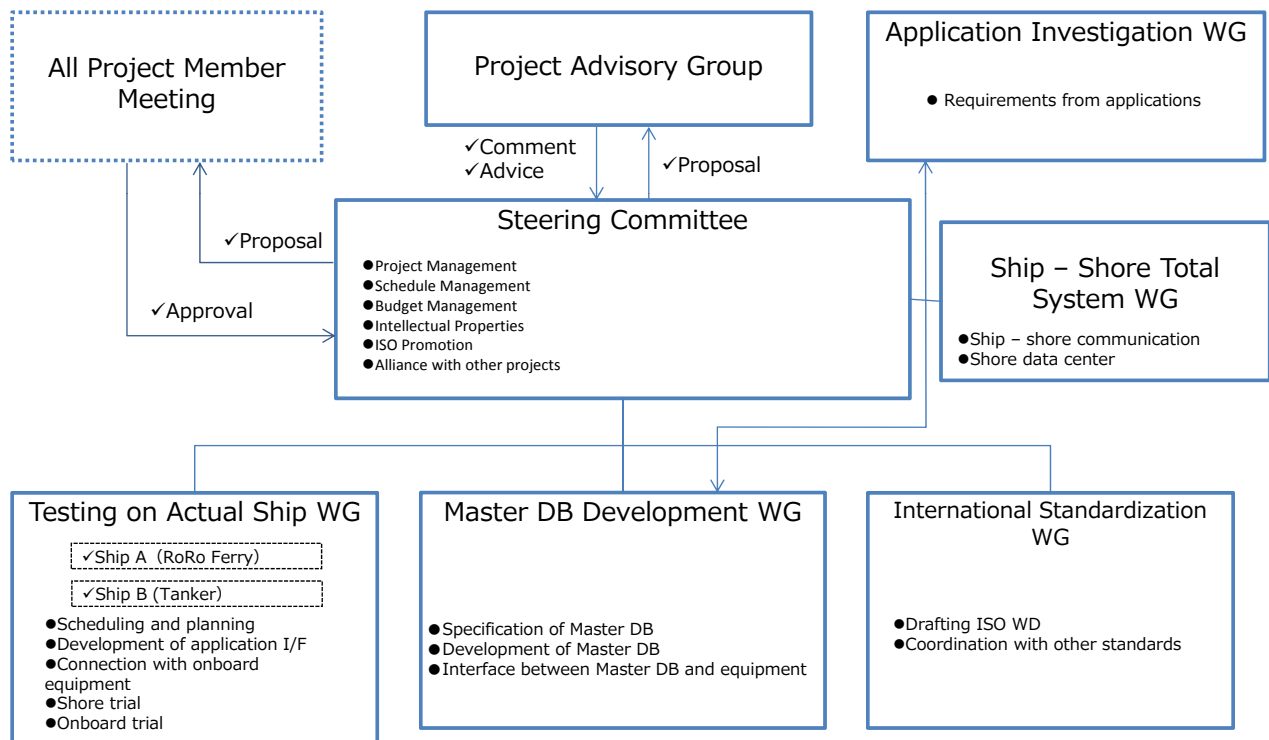
Image of onboard application installation (future)



Main action items

1. Develop specifications of Master Database and its interface
 - Clarify requirements for Master Database by studying necessary data input of existing application services
 - Design Master Database and its interface to onboard equipment and applications
2. Implementation and trial of Master Database
 - Prototype implementation
 - Interface between Master DB and onboard equipment
 - Interface between Master DB and application
 - Shore and onboard trials
3. Develop specifications for ship – shore information system
 - Clarify requirements for ship-shore information system
 - Prototype implementation and shore trial
4. Standardization
 - Study association with other international standards
 - Clarify scope of the ISO proposal
 - Making WD for ISO proposal

Organization



JSMEA Japan Ship Machinery and Equipment Association

Monohakobi
Technology Institute
Innovative Technology for a better world!

MOL Mitsui O.S.K. Lines

NYK LINE
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

K LINE
KAWASAKI KISEN KAISHA, LTD.

IINO MARINE SERVICE CO.,LTD.

MITSUBISHI
HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD.

MIJAC

BEMAC

TERASAKI

JRCS

KEI system

Kawasaki

AKISHIMA LABORATORY

JRC

FURUNO

KEIKI

YOKOGAWA

NHE

NIPIA

DU
DIESEL UNITED

JSMEA

Japan Ship Machinery & Equipment Association

ClassNK

ClassNK
Consulting Service

YANMAR

JWA
JAPAN WEATHER ASSOCIATION

weathernews

Nabtesco

NYK
TRADING CORPORATION

NAKAKITA SEISAKUSHO CO.,LTD.

DAIHATSU DAIHATSU DIESEL

HANSHIN DIESEL

UTSUKI KEIKI CO.,LTD

明陽電機株式会社
MEIYO ELECTRIC Co.,Ltd.

Murayama



TAIYO
ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

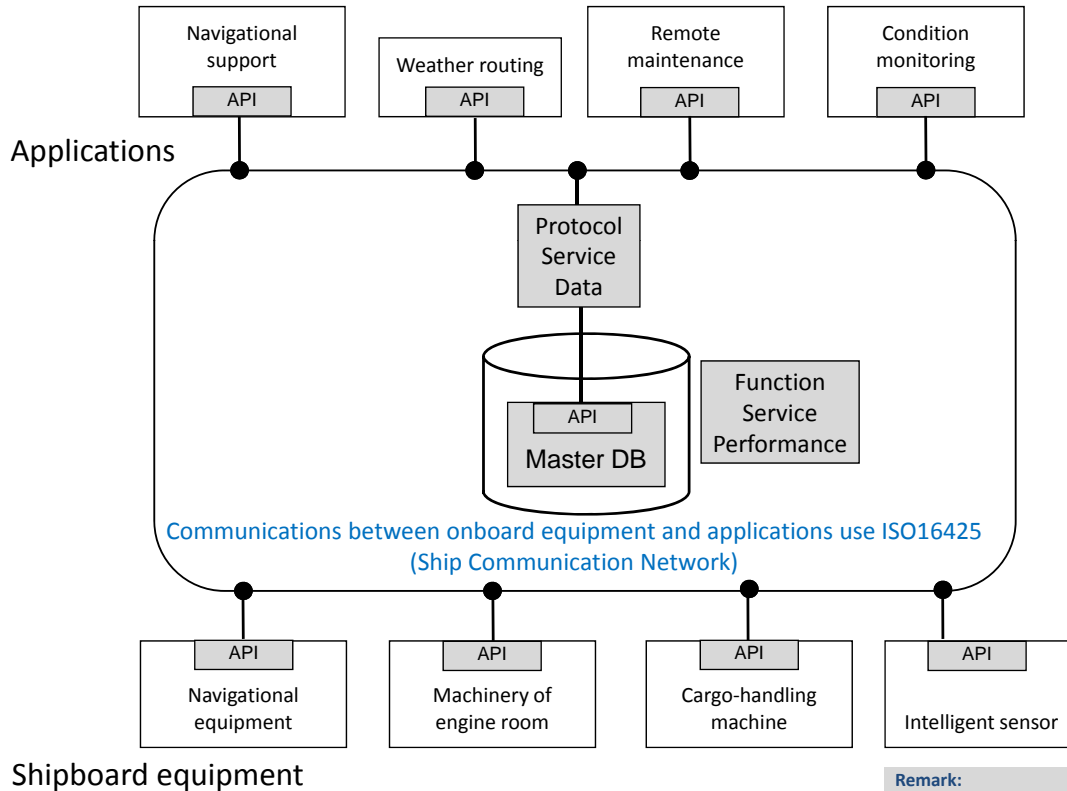
TAIYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

THE SHIPBUILDERS' ASSOCIATION OF JAPAN

Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism

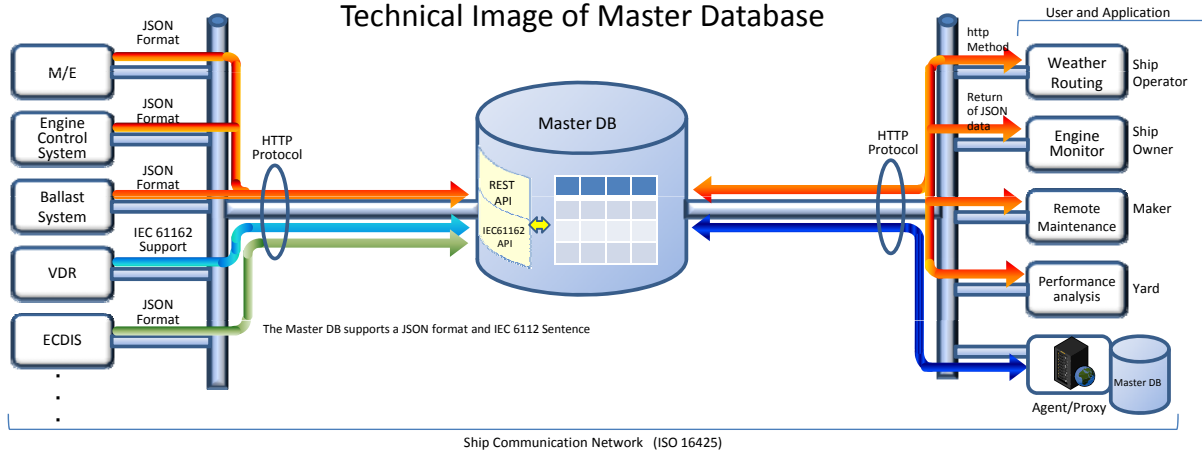
JSIRA
Japan Ship Technology Research Association

Image of Master Database



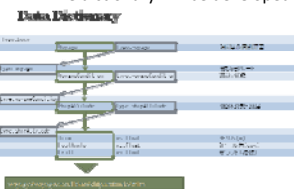
Remark:
hatching blocks are standardization target
API: Application Program Interface

Technical Image of Master Database



JSON Data Format

JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) is lightweight data interchange format. The format is easy to read/write and also easy to parse/generate for machines. The data format and dictionary will be part of ISO proposal. The dictionary will be developed in the MasterDB Working Group.



JSON Format

```

"Voyage": {
  "VoyageCondition": {
    "ShipAttitude": {
      "Trim": 1.0,
      "HeelAngle": 1.0,
      "Draft": [
        1.1,
        1.2,
        1.3
      ]
    }
  }
}
    
```

Master DB WEB API

MasterDB supplies the functions of reading/writing the data via web API.

With this API, authorized users can access the onboard data such as navigation system or engine system without considering each specific interfaces

HTTP METHOD

- ❖ GET method (for retrieving/ browsing data saved in the MasterDB)
 - ❖ PUT method (for saving data in the MasterDB)
 - ❖ POST method (for adding Alarms/Events/Binary Files)

Example

```

GET Method
GET /machinery/mainengine/1/status/rpm
GET /voyage/voyagemasure/speed/transwaterspeed
    
```

Onboard Trial - Ship (A)

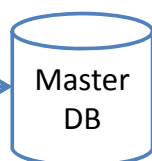
- Ferry “Sunflower Shiretoko” (retro-fit)
 - Gross ton : 11,400 Speed :25Knot
 - L :190m B :26.4m
 - Route : Ooarai (Ibaragi prefecture)~Tomakomai(Hokkaido)
- Installation in Jan 2014



Installation on “Sunflower Shiretoko”

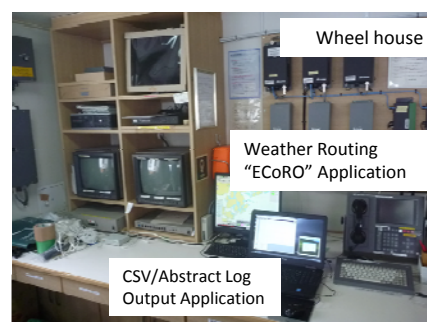
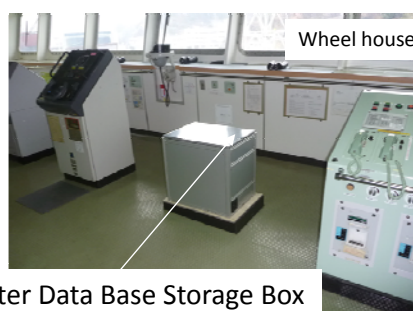
Onboard equipment

- GPS
- Anemometer
- Echo Sounder
- Auto Pilot
- Roll/Pitch sensor
- Engine Data Logger
- M/E remote control
- CPP remote control
- Shaft power meter



Application

- Weather routing “ECoRO”
- CSV/Abstract Log Output Application



Onboard Trial - Ship (B)

- Crude-oil Carrier “SHINKYOKUTO MARU” (New building)
- Deadweight : 5,500Ton L : 105m B : 16m
- Installation before sea trial
- Ship will be in service from April 2014
- Route: Onahama (Fukushima) – Hirono (Fukushima)



Installation on “Shin Kyokutomaru”

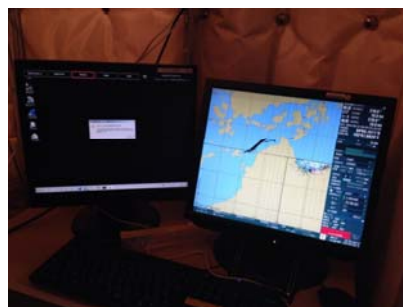
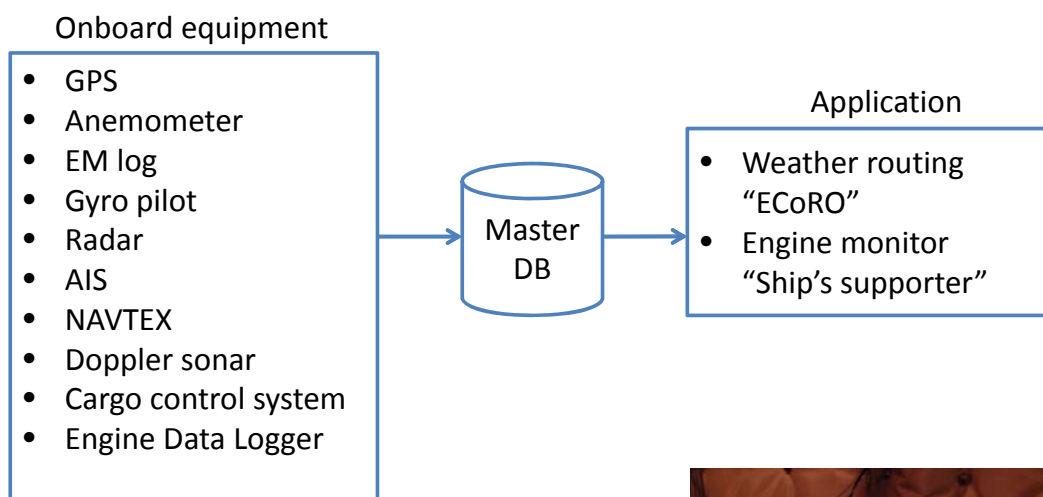
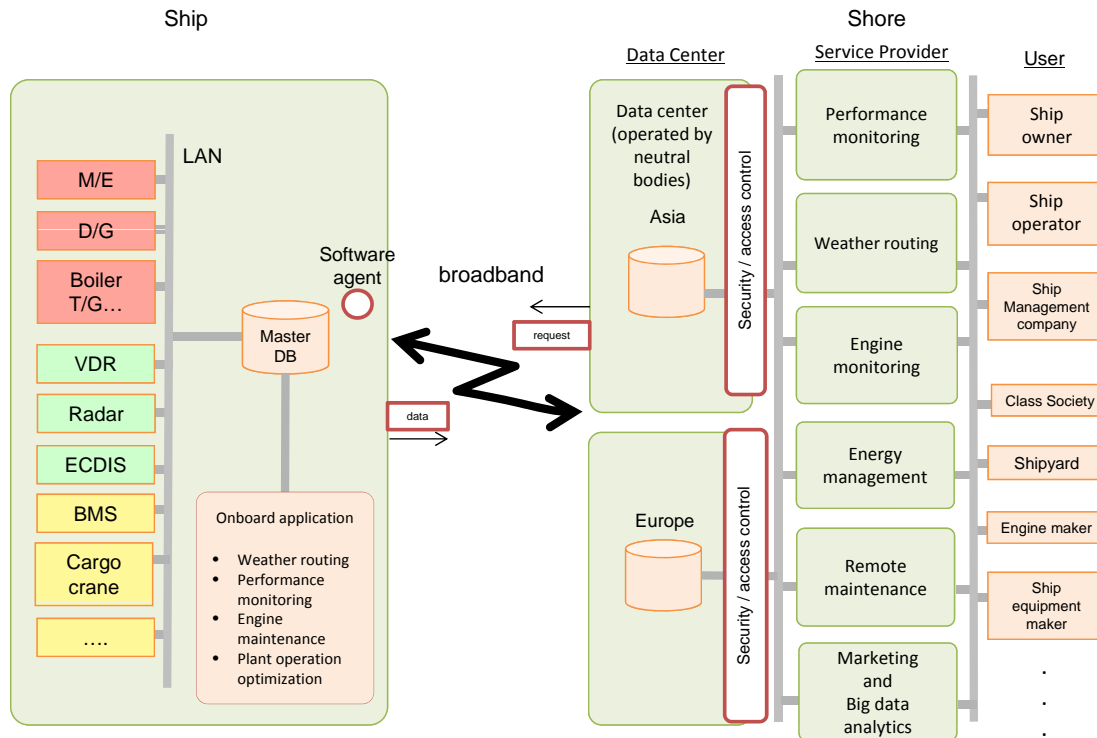


Image of ship – shore big data infrastructure



What are the benefits of such infrastructure ?

- ✓ Application providers can easily provide onboard and shore application software / services
- ✓ Equipment manufacturers can easily provide their services, such as remote maintenance -> Ship owners can get remote maintenance supports directly from manufacturers
- ✓ Ship owners investment cost (CAPEX and OPEX) for onboard applications and shore services will be lower -> more big data applications will be used
- ✓ Shipyards and equipment manufactures can collect data from running equipment -> better understanding for service performances
- ✓ Ship owners can manage/control ship data transmission to shore
- ✓ Standardized format and protocol will enhance application development

Scope of standardization - ship data server -

- System model
- System security
- Communication specification
- Data specification
- Data server requirement
- API requirement on equipment, application and data server

Scope of standardization - data dictionary and format -

- Data dictionary
 - Machinery, hull and cargo
- Specification of data format(Informative annex)
 - Data structure, character of data etc.

Policy of standardization

- ❖ Corroborate and harmonize with
 - Existing standards
 - IEC61162-450(Digital Interface – Part 450 Multiple taker and multiple listeners – Ethernet interconnection)
 - ISO16425 (Guidelines for the installation of ship communication networks for shipboard equipment and systems)
 - New proposed standards
 - IHO S-100series
 - IEC BAM(Bridge alert management – Operational and performance requirements, methods of testing and required test results)
 - Associated projects / Organization
 - e-Navigation(IALA)
 - SMART-Navigation(Korea)
 - IEC
 - etc.

Schedule for ISO proposal

- ❖ As soon as possible
 - We will register SSAP as e-Navigation testbed
- ❖ Oct. 2014
 - Presentation in TC8 annual committee(in Panama)
- ❖ Mar.2015
 - New work item proposal to ISO/TC8/SC6

Summary

- JSMEA, Class NK and 27 member organizations started SSAP (Smart Ship Application Platform) project
- Master Database and its interface was designed and prototype system was developed
- Trial implementation has been carried on 2 vessels
- Image of shore data center and ISO standardization are introduced

Thank you very much for your attention

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