



The IoT Show 2015 Asia 22-23 September Suntec Convention & Exhibition Centre, Singapore

OPTIMIZING FLEET PERFORMANCE WITH SMART SHIP MANAGEMENT

22nd September 2015

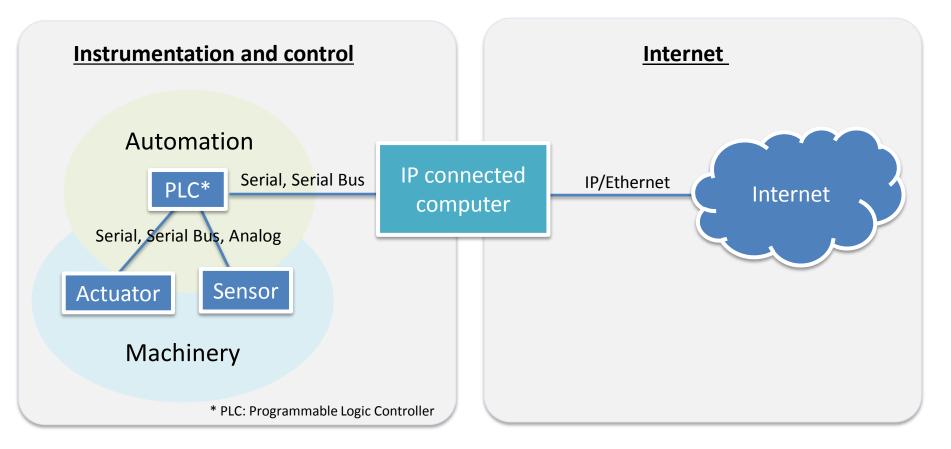
Hideyuki Ando

MTI(Monohakobi Technology Institute), NYK group





IoT (Internet of Things)



The marine industry started considering Connected Ship





Big data in shipping



Examples of Big data in shipping

<u>Voyage data</u>

- Automatically collected data (IoT)
- Noon report

Machinery data

- Automatically collected data (IoT)
- Manual report data
- Maintenance data

AIS data

Satellite AIS / shore AIS

Weather data

• Forecast / past statistics

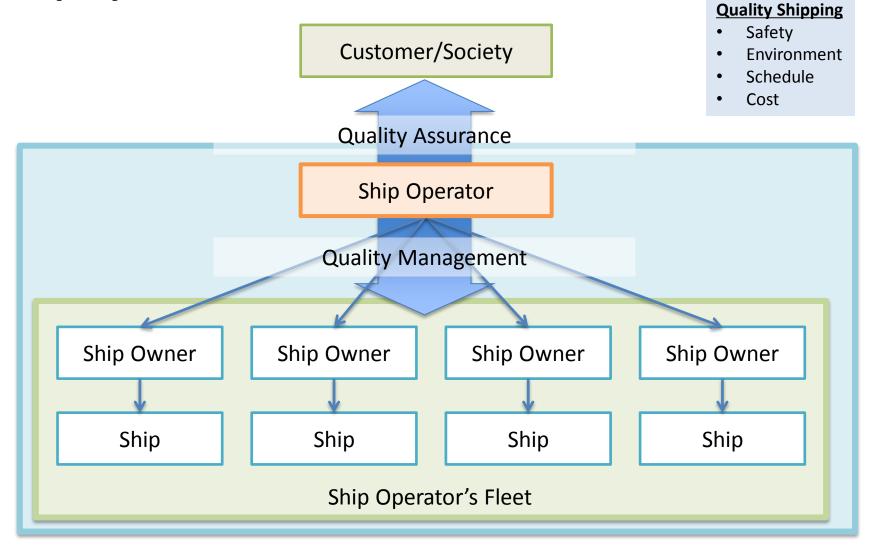
Business data

Container transport data





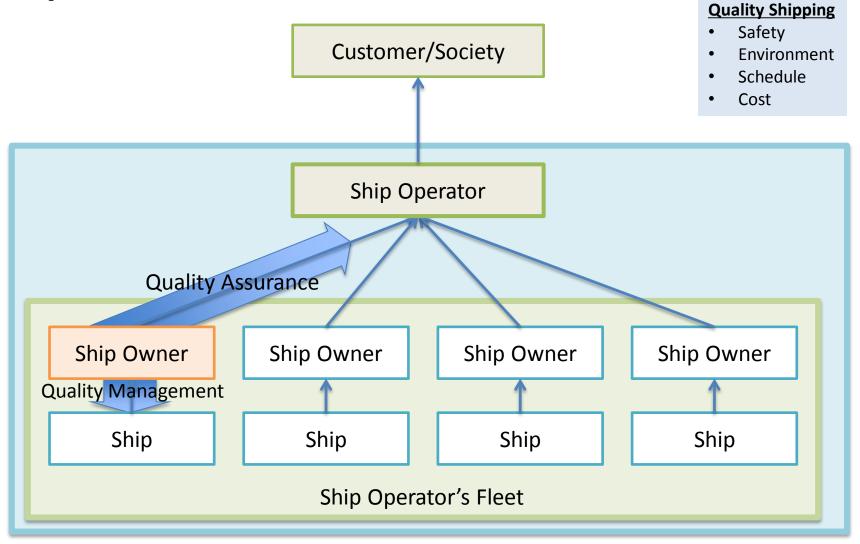
Ship operator's view







Ship owner's view







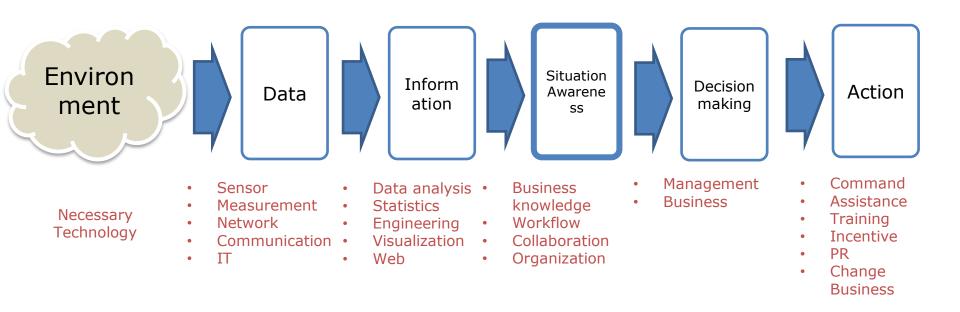
Big data application areas

Role	Function	Examples of Big data applications	
Ship operator	Operation	Energy saving operationSafe operationSchedule management	
	Fleet / service planning	Fleet planningCharteringService planning	
Ship owner	Technical management	 Safe operation Hull & propeller cleaning Condition monitoring and maintenance Environmental regulation compliance Energy saving retrofit 	
	New building	Design optimization	





Big data processing flow



It is cross functional and organizational process to change action





Ship performance in seaways

6500TEU Container Ship Wave height 5.5m, Wind speed 20m/s, BF scale 8, Head sea



Effecting factors

- 1. Weather (wind, wave and current)
- 2. Ship condition (draft, trim, cleanness of hull and propeller, and aging effect of engine)
- 3. Ship design (hull, propeller and engine)





Ship performance model in all weather

FOC [MT]

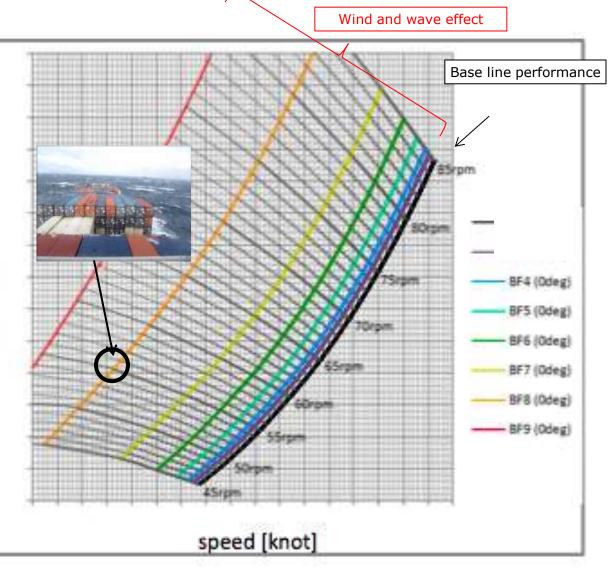
<Target vessel> 6500TEU Container Draft 12m even



Sea condition Beaufort scale

	wind speed (m/s)	wave heigh (M)	wave period (อยบ)
BF0	0.0	0.0	0.0
BF3	4.5	0.6	3.0
BF4	6.8	1.0	3.9
BF5	9.4	2.0	5.5
BF6	12.4	3.0	6.7
BF7	15.6	4.0	7.7
BF8	19.0	5.5	9.1
BF9	22.7	7.0	10.2

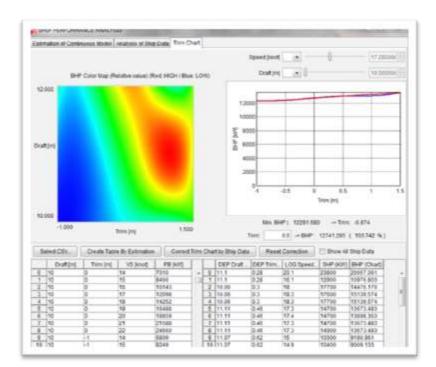
0deg (wind, wave) - head sea

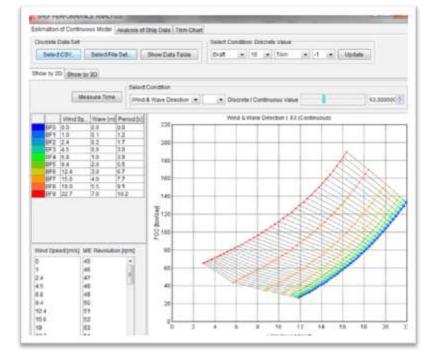






Ship performance model calibration with IoT data





Base model

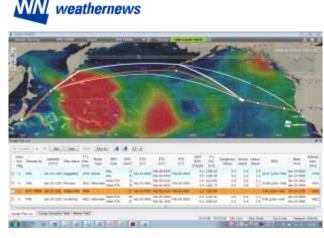
Weather effect model

IoT data is used for calibrating engineering models. It is a semi-automatic process to capture each ship performance precisely.





Optimization of voyage with IoT data



Weather Routing (PLAN)

Monitoring (CHECK)

- Voyage plan
- + course, speed, RPM, FOC, weather
- + ship performance model

- Feedback
- Voyage actual
- + actual speed RPM, RPM FOC
- + actual weather

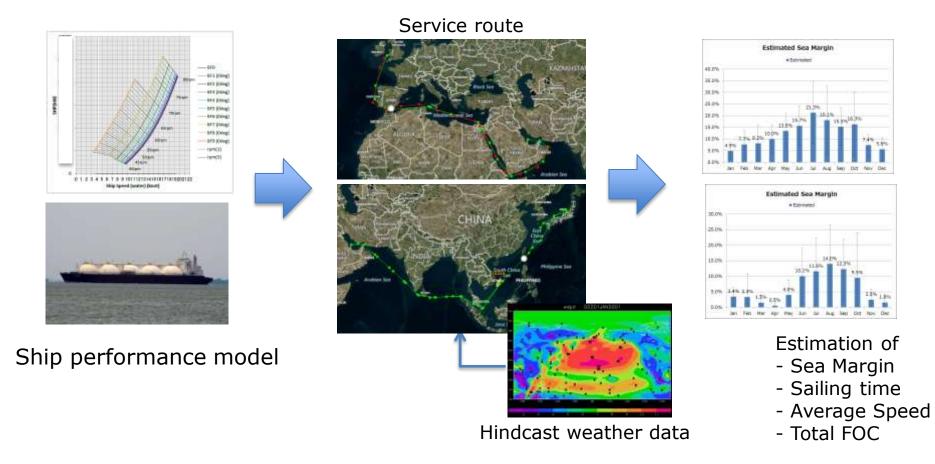
Ship model and weather forecast are inherently include errors.

But feedback loop by monitoring can make this system work better.





Optimization of operation plan with Big data

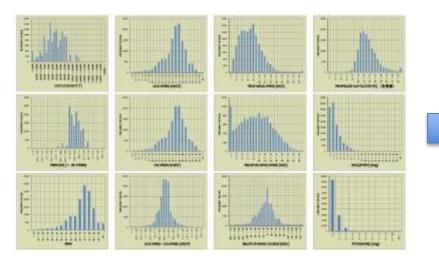


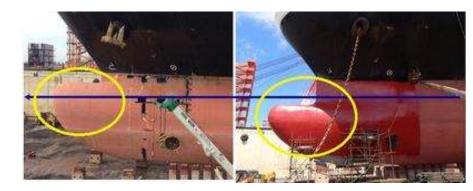
Monte-Carlo simulation by using ship performance model and past weather records





Energy saving modification based on Big data





23 % CO2 reduction was confirmed

Operation profile (Big data)

- Speed, RPM, Power
- Draft, trim, displacement
- Weather
- Sea margin
- etc

Energy saving modification

- Bulbous bow modification
- Install energy saving device (MT-FAST)
- etc





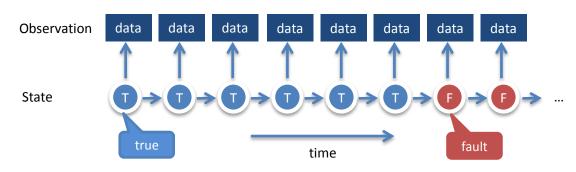
IoT for engine and machineries

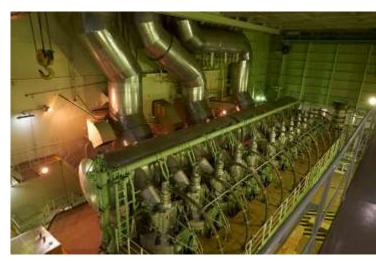
<u>Target</u>

- Prevent unpredicted downtime
- Energy efficiency in operation
- Reduce maintenance cost

<u>Measure</u>

- Condition monitoring
- Big data analysis
- Support service engineer
- Intelligent machinery
 - Self diagnostics





Ship main engine



Shore dashboard





Smart Ship Application Platform (SSAP) Project - Japanese Society of Machinery and Equipment Manufacturer -

http://www.e-navigation.net/index.php?page=ssap-smart-ship-application-platform



- · Submitting Organization: Japan Ship Machinery and Equipment Association (JSMEA) Smart Ship Application Platform WG
- · Point-of-Contact: Dr. Hideyuki Ando (MTI : Research company of NYK group), hideyuki_ando@monohakobi.com
- Functional Capabilities: Provide current and past numerical data on Weather routing, Trim, Performance monitoring, Engine monitoring, Hull and cargo condition monitoring, Power plant energy management and Remote maintenance.

 Intended Purpose: The target is to design a master database, interface prototypes, specifications of communication system between ships and shore facilities and international standards of data server requirments and structure of manual machinery and equipment so that as many application services a

- · Portrayal examples:Not specified special display devices for this SSAP.
- · Last edited: April 22, 2014

Description

Smart Ship Application Platform Project (JAPAN)

1. Genaral information

Project name	SSAP (Smart Ship Applicati
Name of testbed	Application platform for data sharing at s

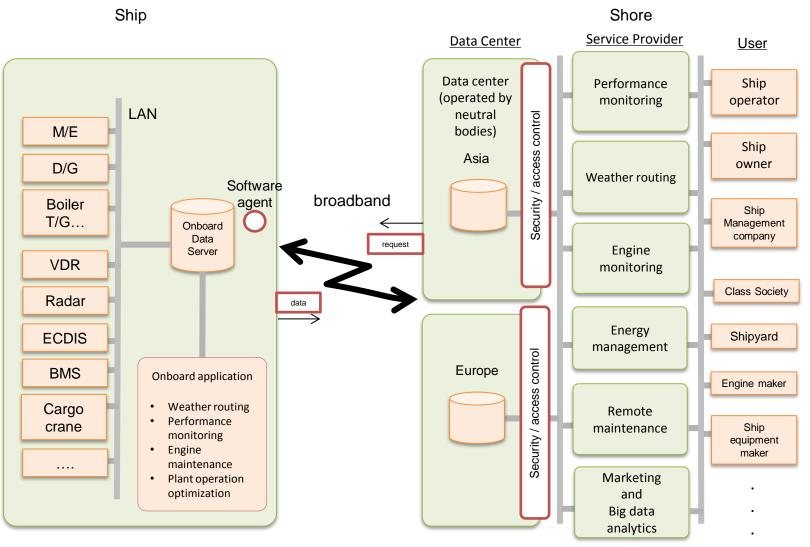
Proposal for new ISO in May 2015

- ISO/NP19847 Shipboard data servers to share field data on the sea
 - Specifications of ship data server
- ISO/NP19848 Standard data for machinery and equipment part of ship
 - Specifications of dictionary and format





Concept of ship – shore open platform for marine industry



Courtesy of Smart Ship Application Platform (SSAP) Project of JSMEA 2014-15





Summary

- IoT and Big data will gradually become prevalent in the marine industry. Application areas of IoT and Big data will be different for ship owners and operators.
- Applications of IoT and Big data in energy efficiency are shown. Calibrated engineering models with IoT data enhance fleet operation optimization.
- Smart Ship Application Platform (SSAP) project aims at developing open platform for the marine industry to promote further application development.







